EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 92480077.4

(51) Int. Cl.⁵: **G06F 15/21**, G06F 15/46

(22) Date of filing: 03.06.92

(30) Priority: 28.06.91 US 723286

(43) Date of publication of application : 30.12.92 Bulletin 92/53

84 Designated Contracting States : DE FR GB

(1) Applicant : International Business Machines Corporation Old Orchard Road Armonk, N.Y. 10504 (US) (72) Inventor: Mukherjee, Sujan K. 1025 Laurel Mill Drive Roswell, GA 30076 (US) Inventor: Ryan, James L. 169 Rondack Circle Smyrna, GA 30080 (US) Inventor: Wason, James R. Rural Route 1, Box 155 Tuxedo, N.Y. 10987 (US)

(74) Representative : de Pena, Alain Compagnie IBM France Département de Propriété Intellectuelle F-06610 La Gaude (FR)

(54) Method and system for product configuration definition and tracking.

A method and system for the definition and tracking of multiple unique product configurations for configuration management in which customer contracted views of the product are defined by applying temporary changes to the base product configuration. A product serial number effectivity is assigned to each unique customer specified product configuration and to the base product configuration in order to maintain multiple time-oriented versions of the product, thus supporting simultaneously both customer-specified and design-specified engineering changes to the base product. A proconfiguration identifier provides non-redundant data storage for each unique product configuration and can refer to noncontiguous ranges of product serial numbers. The configuration entry identifier in a product configuration table is used to peg detail component requirements to serially numbered products in order to correlate the product configurations as built with the product configuration as designed. A component position identifier provides traceability of temporary changes made to the base product that result from customer contract specifications.

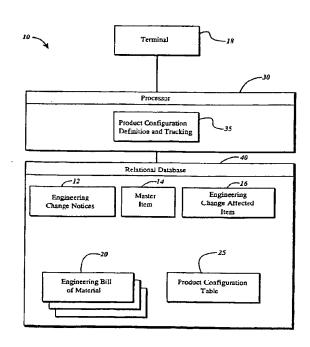


FIG 1

EP 0 520 923 AX

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The present invention relates, in general, to computer-based systems for product configuration management in the manufacture of complex products and, more particularly, to the definition and tracking of product configurations as they are designed by the design engineering function within an enterprise.

Product configuration management involves modifying a standard or base product to meet specific customer requirements. Since different customers have different requirements, the base product design is modified in different ways to meet these diverse requirements. Keeping track of the multiplicity of product configurations as designed and their effects on the base product is a complex task which heretofore has not been fully automated. It is a common practice to track custom configured products by assigning a serial number to each unit of product which is then assigned to a customer contract. This describes a product serial number effectivity for the product configuration. Tracking of product configurations by batch numbers and lot numbers are similar to tracking of product configurations by serial numbers.

The complexity of implementing serial number effectivity arises from the fact that there are different types of engineering changes which affect the product configuration concurrently. These can include changes to the base product and changes ordered by customers. Changes to the base product are permanent changes that improve the base product in some way, such as by reducing cost. The latest changes to the base product are incorporated in all custom built configurations unless specified otherwise. Version control techniques are used to keep track of all changes to the base product.

Changes ordered by customers are considered as temporary changes to the base product that are designed for specific customers. Although changes made to the base product for one customer are not applicable to other customers, all custom-ordered configurations get the latest permanent improvement made to the base product unless a back level base product is specifically requested.

Automatic tracking of product configurations as built has not been the problem that automatic tracking of product configurations as designed has been. As built product configurations have been tracked by pegging parts requirements to customer contracts. In other words, the recording of the actual parts that were used to build a specific product for a specific customer contract constitutes the as built configuration of the product.

Most commercially available software products for tracking engineering changes that modify product configurations were developed based on effective date of the new configuration (i.e., date effectivity). Examples are IBM Corporation's Communications Oriented Production Information and Control System (COPICS) and Manufacturing Accounting and Pro-

duction Information Control System (MAPICS) family of products. The version control of product configurations by effective date is suitable for tracking improvements or other permanent changes to mass produced standard products, but this technique is unsuitable for tracking custom built product configurations.

Recently, some commercially available software products have been modified to track as built product configurations by serial number (i.e., serial number effectivity). An example is IBM Corporation's COPICS Defense product. These modified software products replace from/to dates with from/to serial numbers and use "pegged requirements" to associate detail component requirements with serially numbered end products. The pegging technique provides an upward traceability from components to assemblies to the end product requirement stated in the master production schedule. However, none of the commercially available products can distinguish between permanent changes made to the base product, and temporary changes made to the base product to satisfy specific customer requirements.

It is an object of this invention to provide a method and system for maintaining multiple versions of a base product configuration using serial number effectivity.

It is another object of this invention to provide a method and system for maintaining multiple versions of a customer specified product configuration using serial number effectivity.

It is another object of this invention to provide a method and system for correlating the as designed product configuration with the as built product configuration.

It is a further object of this invention to provide a method for the non-redundant data storage of each unique product configuration that allows for noncontiguous ranges of product serial numbers.

It is a still further object of this invention to provide a method for distinguishing between permanent changes to a base product and temporary changes made to satisfy customer requirements.

These and other objects and advantages are accomplished by the present invention in which a product configuration definition process assigns a product configuration identifier to each unique product configuration including the base product and all custom configured products. The configuration identifier serves as a view identifier for concurrent tracking of multiple views of the product configuration as designed. It also serves as a peg for both the material requirements planning and inventory management processes for tracking the product configurations as built. A generic or base product is defined that includes all possible optional features. A unique product is then defined by a specific view of the generic product that includes any appropriate option features and any specially designed components, and that excludes base compo-

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nents that were replaced by the specially designed components. For every unique product configuration, multiple ranges of serial numbers can be assigned.

Figure 1 illustrates a block diagram implementation of this invention which includes the computer system components utilized for product configuration definition and tracking.

Figure 2 illustrates the business processes that are related to product configuration definition and tracking.

Figure 3 illustrates a sample coding scheme for effectivity types used in the present invention.

Figure 4 illustrates an Engineering Change Notice that defines a generic product configuration of a standard assembly and several optional assemblies and initially defines the bill of material for the standard assembly.

Figure 5 illustrates an Engineering Change Notice that modifies temporarily the standard assembly in the base product in accordance with customer contract specifications.

Figure 6 illustrates the technique of pegging detail component requirements to customer contracts in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 7 illustrates an Engineering Change Notice that modifies permanently the standard assembly in the base product.

Figure 8 illustrates an Engineering Change Notice that temporarily modifies the standard assembly in the revised base product in accordance with customer contract specifications.

A block diagram implementation of the computer system components of the preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in Figure 1. As shown in this figure, the Product Configuration Definition and Tracking system 10 includes a Product Configuration Definition process 35 which operates on computer processor 30. Design engineers and other groups of the users at terminal device 18 interact through processor 30 with relational data base files stored on nonvolatile, direct access storage device (DASD) 40 to store and retrieve product configuration information. Permanently stored on DASD 40 are Engineering Change Notices data 12, Master Item data 14, Engineering Change Affected Item data 16, Engineering Bill of Material data 20, and Product Configuration data 25.

Each product is defined as an item of type "product" in Master Item data 14. The assemblies (items) which are used to configure a product are stored as components in Engineering Bill of Material data 20. Engineering Change Notices data 12 authorize creation of each unique product configuration including both the base product configurations and custom built product configurations. The items used in the product configurations are treated as end items. Any modifications to an end item or lower level assembly or component that are generated by an engineering change

are recorded in the Engineering Change Affected Item data 16. A product configuration identifier field is stored in Engineering Bill of Material data 20. The product configuration identifier serves to uniquely define each product configuration. Product Configuration data 25 stores the relationship between product configurations and customer contracts.

A block diagram identifying the business processes related to configuration management is shown in Figure 2. The engineering change release function 50 is integrated with the material requirements planning (MRP) and inventory management functions 60. Design engineering creates engineering change notices 12 for each new or changed product configuration. The product configurations as designed consisting of both engineering item and bill of material data 54 are defined in process 56 and stored in the database. The engineering change release process 58 releases the change information to the manufacturing function which can restructure the item and bill of material data as indicated by process 62. Based on customer orders and forecast demand 64, the material requirements planning and inventory management processes 66 prepare planned orders 68 which are then used for tracking configurations as built 70. When necessary, the configurations as built 70 can be compared with the configurations as designed 56.

The product configuration identifier assigned to each unique product configuration serves several distinct purposes. First, it serves as a view identifier to enable concurrent tracking of multiple "as designed" views of the product configurations. This invention relies on a versioning technique that allows definition of multiple views of Engineering Bills of Material 20, with a new view being created for each engineering change for an assembly. Each customer contracted configuration is defined as a new view of the Bill of Material 20 and includes all contracted modifications to a base product that are applicable to a specific configuration. Any modification to the base product in one view is not visible in another view.

Version control is further described in a pending, commonly assigned patent application entitled, "Method and System for Version Control of Engineering Changes," serial number 602,600, filed on October 24, 1990 before the US Patent Office, the disclosure of which in its entirety is incorporated herein by reference.

The product configuration identifier also serves as a peg identifier for tracking the product configurations as built in the material requirements planning (MRP) and inventory management processes. The use of peg identifiers makes the product configurations as designed compatible with current implementation techniques for tracking product configurations as built. This results in an integrated system of product configuration management from design engineering through manufacturing and shipment of custom

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built products, and makes the differences between product configurations as designed and as built easier to detect.

Finally, the product configuration identifier enables multiple ranges of product serial numbers to be assigned to a single unique product configuration.

Figure 3 illustrates a list of effectivity type codes that can be used to identify different types of effectivities for different items within a specific view of a product configuration. The sample effectivity type code is a two character code. Time oriented effectivity can be further qualified by phase-in and phase-out planning codes which are not illustrated.

The two broad categories of effectivity are timeoriented and product-oriented. Time-oriented effectivity can be specified by start and end dates, by item serial, batch or lot numbers, and by planned phasein/phase-out dates. Product-oriented effectivity applies to specific configurations of end products which are tied to customer projects or contracts.

Different types of effectivity can be specified for different items. For example, a product-oriented effectivity can be specified for high level assemblies and a time-oriented effectivity can be specified for lower level assemblies and components, particularly for those which are used in more than one product.

The final assembly configuration for a product can include optional sales features that can be ordered by any customer. A generic product thus consists of a standard or base product, and all possible optional sales features which can be selected by the customer. A generic product is defined to avoid a proliferation of unique products that can be built by using different combinations of the optional sales features.

A unique product is define by a specific view of the generic product. The specific view includes any optional sales features ordered by a customer and any specially designed assemblies and components to satisfy a customer contract. Any base assemblies or components that are replaced by the specially designed assemblies and components are excluded from the specific view.

Figure 4 illustrates an example of defining a specific product based on a generic product. An Engineering Change Notice identified as ECA authorizes the design of a base product P1 with assigned serial numbers 001 through 999. This range is arbitrary and can be as high as needed. Product P1 is defined as a generic product with sales feature codes to identify a standard component A and optional components B, C and D. The configuration identifier "Basel" is assigned to the base product P1 as indicated by reference numeral 402 in Product Configuration table 25.

The initial entry in the EC Affected Item table 16 relates engineering change ECA 404 to assembly item A 406 with effectivity type code SS 408 (i.e., serial number effectivity) for the "Basel" configuration. Using a versioning technique such as that described

in copending application, serial no. 602,600, a design sequence number of "8001" is assigned to this version of affected item A as indicated by reference numeral 410. Bill of Material 20 correlates the product/assembly identifier 412 with the available components identifier 414 and the sales feature code 416. This table indicates that product P1 consists of standard component A and optional components B, C and D. Bill of Material table 20 also indicates that assembly A contains components E and F in quantities two and one respectively. Bill of Material 20 contains the configuration identifier "Basel" which serves as a view identifier for concurrent tracking of multiple as designed views of the bill of material. The component items E and F are given an insert sequence number of "8001" indicated by reference numerals 418,420 respectively corresponding to the design sequence number of 8001 for Affected Item A in EC Affected Item table 16. If the insert sequence number 422 is known, it is a simple matter to find the inserting EC identifier 424. The component planning code "Add" indicated by reference numerals 426,428 is used to indicate that components E and F are to be added to the configuration. The component position identifiers 430 are assigned to sequence the components for display or printing.

Subsequently, as shown in Figure 5, customer ABC orders 5 units of product P1 with the standard assembly A and no optional components. Furthermore, component F is replaced with components Y and Z. Engineering change notice ECB authorizes the design modification for product P1 and assigns serial numbers 121 through 125 corresponding to the contract ABC-1. The assigned configuration identifier is "Cust1". These changes are reflected in the row corresponding to configuration entry identifier "20" indicated by reference numeral 502 in Product Configuration table 25.

The EC Affected Item table 16 in Figure 5 shows that a unique configuration identifier "Cust1" indicated by reference numeral 504 is assigned as a new view identifier for product P1. A design sequence number of "8001" as indicated by reference numeral 500 is assigned to this new view of affected item Aresulting from engineering change ECB since the change to the base product is temporary. A reference to the base engineering change ECA is established by adding "Base 1" and "8001" to the "Based on Configuration" column and "Based on Sequence" number column. These are indicated by reference numerals 506 and 508, respectively. The effectivity type code assigned is "CS" (reference numeral 510) which indicates that effectivity is based on serial number by customer contract.

The product bill of material 20 shows two different views of the product configuration, i.e., "Basel" and "Cust1". The "component position identifier" found in the last column of product Bill of Material Table 20 is

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assigned to sequence the top level components or assemblies within each product for display or printing. In the "Cust1" view in the Bill of Material Table 20, components F, Y and Z are inserted with a sequence number of "8001" as indicated by reference numerals 512, 514, and 516, respectively. Component planning code "Remove" is assigned to component F since it is to be temporarily removed from the base configuration for this view of assembly A. Component planning code "Add" is assigned to components Y and Z (reference numerals 518, 520) to indicate that they are to be added to the configuration. Both components Y and Z are assigned a component position identifier of "2" which is the same component position identifier as that for component F. This indicates that components Y and Z temporarily replace component F. This implementation thus provides traceability of temporary changes made to the base product.

Figure 6 illustrates the technique of pegging detail component requirements to serially numbered products. The configuration entry identifier in Product Configuration table 25 serves as a peg identifier for tracking the product configurations as built by the material requirements planning and inventory management functions. It makes the definition of product configurations as designed compatible with the implementation of product configurations as built resulting in an integrated system of product configuration management. This makes it straight forward to detect the differences between product configurations as designed and as built.

Referring to the Product Configuration table 25 and Bill of Material 20 of Figure 6, it can be observed that assembly A for product P1, serial numbers 118-120, uses components E and F. For product P1, serial numbers 121-125, component F is replaced by components Y and Z. Bill of Material 20 contains references to the product configurations involved indicated by 602, 604. For example, component E is used for both "Basel" and "Cust1" configurations. The planned order requirement for component E is computed by extending the planned orders for assembly A (reference numeral 606) and the quantity of E found in the bill of material for assembly A (reference numeral 608). Detailed connections between component E requirements and product P1 serial numbers are established by pointing to the appropriate entries in Product Configuration table 25. Gross requirements for assembly A are indicated by table 27. The requirements for assembly A in product P1 based on each configuration are reflected in table 29. By relating Bill of Material 20 to assembly A requirements 29 for product P1, the gross requirements for component E are derived as shown in table 31. Finally, the requirements for component E in assembly A of product P1 based on the separate configurations are indicated in table 33.

Any subsequent reassignment of serial numbers, including noncontiguous ranges of serial numbers for

the "Cust1" configuration will have no effect on the bill of material.

In Figure 7, engineering change notice for engineering change ECC modifies the bill of material for base product P1 having serial numbers 131 through 999. Base component F is replaced permanently by component G. This is a time oriented effectivity in which engineering change ECC 702 supersedes engineering change ECA for the same configuration. The ECC version of assembly A for the "Basel" configuration is assigned a design sequence number of "8002" as indicated by reference numeral 704 in EC Affected Item table 16. Component F is extracted from the "Basel" configuration by the design sequence number "8002" shown by the extract sequence number entry 706 for component F in bill of material table 20. Component G is inserted into the "Basel" configuration by the same design sequence number shown by the insert sequence number entry for component G (reference numeral 708) in Bill of Material table 20.

Notice that the "Basel" component E remains unextracted by engineering change ECC and therefore is applicable to design sequence number 8002. This versioning of the "Basel" configuration is independent of the earlier removal of component F for the "Cust1" configuration corresponding to engineering change ECB. This example illustrates the capability provided by this invention of assigning product serial number effectivity to the base product configuration, keeping the base configuration distinct from all customer specified changes, and maintaining multiple time oriented versions of the base product to support continued application of engineering changes to the base product.

In Figure 8, engineering change ECD repeats an order for the existing "Cust1" configuration for customer ABC for product P1 serial numbers 145-146. The order or contract identifier is ABC-2 as shown by reference numeral 802 in Product Configuration table 25. EC Affected Item table 16 is updated by engineering change ECD to reflect that the "Cust1" view is now based on product configuration "Basel" having associated design sequence number "8002" as indicated by reference numeral 804. The product P1 effective serial number is identified as 145 as indicated by reference numeral 806. The "Cust1" view of assembly A still includes components E, Y and Z. Components Y and Z were substituted for component F in the "Cust1" view of assembly A in product P1 effected by engineering change ECB. Since intervening engineering change ECC represents a permanent change to the base product resulting in replacement of component F by component G, the bill of material table 20 has to be updated to reflect the changes to assembly A in the base product in the "Cust1" view. Thus the Bill of Material 20 for assembly A ("Cust1" view) needs to be modified to temporarily remove base component G

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rather than base component F which has been permanently replaced in the base product. This represents a time-oriented effectivity wherein engineering change ECD for the "Cust1" configuration supersedes engineering change ECB for the same configuration. The engineering change ECD version of assembly A for the "Cust1" configuration is assigned a design sequence "8002" indicated by reference numeral 804. Component F in the "Cust1" configuration is extracted by design sequence number 8002 (reference numeral 808) and component G is inserted in the "Cust1" configuration by the same design sequence number. However, since component G is temporarily removed from product P1 by the "Cust1" configuration, the corresponding planning code for component G is "Remove" (reference numeral 812). Extracting component F made it inapplicable at the engineering change ECD level. Components Y and Z remain unextracted from the "Cust1" configuration; and, therefore, they are applicable to the design sequence number "8002" corresponding to engineering change ECD. The system and method of this invention thus provides the ability to track both permanent and temporary changes to the base product and generate a tailored bill of material for product manufacture that conforms to customer specifications.

Claims

 A method for the definition and tracking of complex product configuration designs in a computerbased information processing system, said method comprising:

constructing a base product view that has a plurality of standard component features and a plurality of optional component features and storing said base product view in a bill of material;

assigning a first product configuration identifier to said base product view and tagging each of said plurality of standard and optional component features stored in said bill of material with said first product configuration identifier;

generating an engineering change notice in response to a specific customer configuration request that modifies the base product view, and assigning a second product configuration identifier to said customer-specified product configuration;

constructing a customer product view wherein new components are added and replaced components are removed from the customer view of the bill of material and tagging the new and replaced components with said second product configuration identifier; and

generating a tailored bill of material for the manufacture of the product based on said customer product view as defined by said second product configuration identifier.

- The method of claim 1 including the step of generating a product configuration table for correlating each product configuration identifier with a contract identifier and a range of serial numbers.
- The method of claim 2 wherein each entry in said product configuration table contains a configuration entry identifier, a product configuration identifier, a product identifier, serial start and end numbers, a customer identifier, and a contract identifier.
- The method of claim 1 wherein the step of generating an engineering change notice includes the steps of generating an entry in an engineering. change affected item table for correlating an engineering change identifier with each component affected by the engineering change and with the second product configuration identifier, and assigning a design sequence number to the engineering change that corresponds to said engineering change identifier.
 - 5. The method of claim 4 wherein each entry in said engineering change affected item table contains an engineering change identifier, an affected component identifier, a product configuration identifier, a design sequence number, a reference product configuration identifier and corresponding sequence number, an effectivity type code, a product identifier, and a serial start number.
- The method of claim 1 wherein the step of constructing a customer product view includes generating a plurality of entries in the bill of material for correlating each component removed from, and each component added to, the base product view with the second product configuration identifier and tagging each entry with a corresponding component position identifier.
 - 7. The method of claim 6 wherein each entry in said bill of material that represents part of the customer product view contains the second product identifier, an insert sequence number, and a component position identifier.
- 8. A system for the definition and tracking of complex product configuration designs in a computer-based information processing system, said system comprising:

a non-volatile data storage device for storing a plurality of files including an engineering change notices file, a master item file, an engineering change affected item file, an engineering bill of material, and a product configuration table;

and

product configuration definition and tracking means operating on a processor in said information processing system and cooperative with said plurality of files stored on said non-volatile storage device for constructing a customer product view and generating a bill of material that is tailored to said customer product view.

9. The system of claim 8 wherein said product configuration and tracking means includes means for correlating each item affected by an engineering change based on a customer product specification with corresponding component entries in said customer product view of the bill of material.

10. The system of claim 8 wherein said product configuration and tracking means further includes means for determining if each item and the corresponding components affected by an engineering change represent permanent changes to the bill of material reflecting a change to a base product view, or temporary changes to the bill of material reflecting said customer product view.

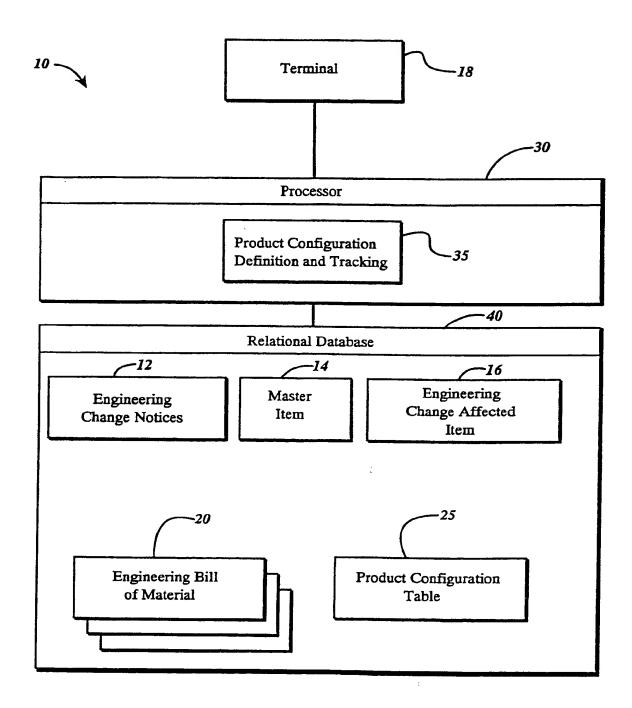


FIG 1

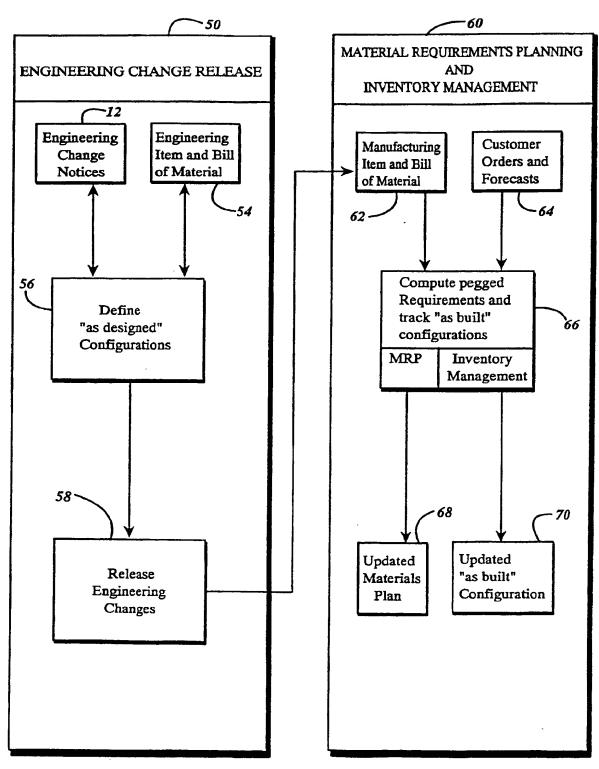


FIG 2

	SAMPLE EFFECTIVITY TYPE CODES (2 Characters)											
	First Character		Second Character									
Code	Meaning	Code	Meaning									
D	Date or other time oriented effectivity, including item serial/batch/lot	Т	Date effectivity, Used with first character D only.									
S	Product serial/batch/lot	s	Serial number									
P	Customer Project	В	Batch number									
С	Customer Contract	L	Lot number									
	·	N	None of the above, Used with first character P or C only.									

FIG 3

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Engineering Change Notice - ECA 12~ Product P1 is defined as a generic product consisting of a standard assembly A and optional assemblies B, C and D. A configuration identifier Basel is assigned to P1. Initially define the bill of material for assembly A to be used in the base product P1 serial numbers 1 through 999. Assembly A has the following components: Components E - quantity 2 Components F - quantity 1 -25 **Product Configuration Table** Customer Contract Config-Config-**Product** Serial Serial Id. End Id. uration uration Id. Start Number Number Id. Entry Id. 10 Basel **P**1 001 999 402 16 EC Affected Item EC Affected Config-Based on Effec-Product Serial Design Start tivity Id. Id. Item ration Sequence Config. Seq. Number Number Id. Id. Type 001 **ECA** Basel 8001 SS **P1** A 404 408 410 406 20 \ 412 416 430 Product Bill of Material Configuration Insert Planning Component Product Component Extract Quantity Sales Code Position Item Item Id. Sequence Sequence Per Feature Id. Id. Id. 422-Assembly Code 1 **P1** A Basel 8001 Standard 1 2 P1 В Basel 8001 Optional

FIG 4

418

420

1

1

2

1

Optional

Optional

426

Add

Add 7

428

8001

8001

8001~

8001

3

4

1

2

P1

P1

A

A

C

D

E

F

Basel

Basel

Basel

Basel

12 Engineering Change Notice - ECB

Modify the bill of material for assembly A as per customer ABC contract ABC-1 specifications for product P1 serial numbers 121 through 125. Base component F is replaced by components Y and Z with quantity of 1 each.

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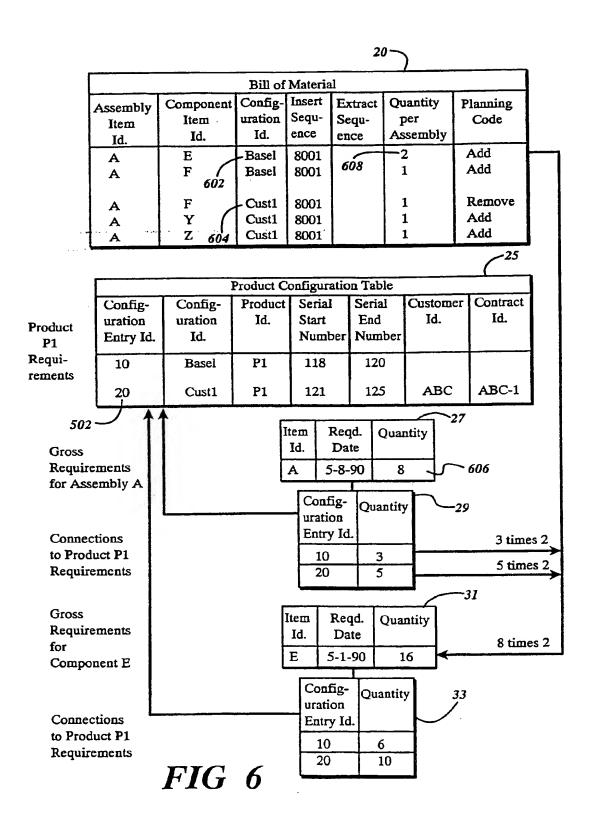
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Product Configuration Table Contract Serial Customer Product Serial Config-Config-Id. End Id. Start uration Id. uration Number Number Id. Entry Id. 999 **P**1 001 Basel 10 ABC-1 **ABC** 125 121 **P**1 Cust1 20

			EC A	ffected	Item			
EC	Affected	Config-	Design	Based	on	l .	Product	Serial
Id.	Item Id.	ration Id.	Sequence Number	Config.	Seq.	tivity Type	Id.	Start Number
ECA	A	Basel	8001			SS	P1	001
ECB	A	Cust1	8001	Basel	8001	cs	P1	121

Product Co Item Id.	Item Id. E		Insert Sequence 8001	Extract Sequence	Assembly	Planning Code	Component Position Id.
Id.	Id.				Assembly		Id.
		Pecal	9001			4 9 9	
A	F	Basel Basel	8001		2 1	Add Add	2
A A A	F Y Z	Cust1 Cust1 Cust1	8001 8001 8001	-512 -514 -516	1 1 1	Remove Add Add	2 2 2



12-

Engineering Change Notice - ECC

Modify the bill of material for assembly A for the BASE product P1 serial numbers 131 through 999. Replace base component F by component G, quantity 1.

-2:

	Product Configuration Table											
Config- uration Entry Id.	Config- uration Id.	Product Id.	Start	Serial End Number	Customer Id.	Contract Id.						
10	Basel	P1	001	999								
20	Cust1	P1	121	125	ABC	ABC-1						

	EC Affected Item										
	EC	Affected	Config-	Design	Based on		Effec-	Product	Serial		
702	Id.	Item	ration	Sequence	Config	Sea	tivity	Id.	Start		
(Id.	Id.	Number	Config.	Scq.	Туре		Number		
	ECA	A	Basel	8001	704		SS	P1	001		
	ECC	A	Base1	8002~	<i>-704</i>	Ì	SS	P1	131	1	
•	ЕСВ	Α	Cust1	8001	Basel	8001	cs	P1	121		

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	Product Bill of Material												
Item	Item	Configuration Id.	•	Extract Sequence		Planning Code	Component Position						
Id.	Id.	771	9001		Assembly		Id.						
A A	E F	Basel Basel	8001 8001	8002	2 1	Add Add	2						
A	G	Basel	8002	706	1	Add	2						
A	F	Cust1	8001	708	1	Remove	2						
A	Y	Cust1	8001		1	Add	2						
Α	Z	Cust1	8001		1	Add	2						

FIG 7

12 Engineering Change Notice - ECD

Repeat order ABC-2 from customer ABC for the existing Cust1 configuration for product P1 serial numbers 145 through 146. By this time the base P1 has changed. So modify the bill of material for assembly A to remove base component G rather than base component F.

										C 25	
				Product Co	nfigurati	on Ta	ble				
	ura	nfig- tion ry Id.	Config- uration Id.	Product Id.				tomer d.	Contract Id.		
	10 Basel P1 001 999 20 Cust1 P1 121 125 ABC ABC-1 30 Cust1 P1 145 146 ABC ABC-2										802
Γ		-		EC.	Affected	Item					16
1	EC (d.	Affects Item	ration	Design Sequence	Based Config.		Effe tivit	у	Product Id.	Start	
E	CA CC	Id. A A	Id. Basel Base1	8001 8002			Typ SS SS		P1 P1	Number 001 131	
I	CB CD	A A	Cust1 Cust1	8001 8002	Basel Basel	8001 8002	දූ දූ		P1 P1	121 145 J	800
				804							20
					311 - C 3 C						

	Product Bill of Material												
Product Item Id.	Component Item Id.	Configuration Id.	Id. Sequence Sequence		Quantity Per Assembly	Planning Code	Component Position Id.						
Α	E	Basel	8001		2	Add	1						
A	F	Basel	8001	8002	1	Add	2						
A	G	Basel	8002	808	1	Add	2						
A	F	Cust1	8001	8002	1	Remove	2						
Α	Y	Cust1	8001		1	Add	2						
Α	Z	Cust1	8001		1	Add	2						
Α	G	Cust1	8002~	-810	1	Remove	2						

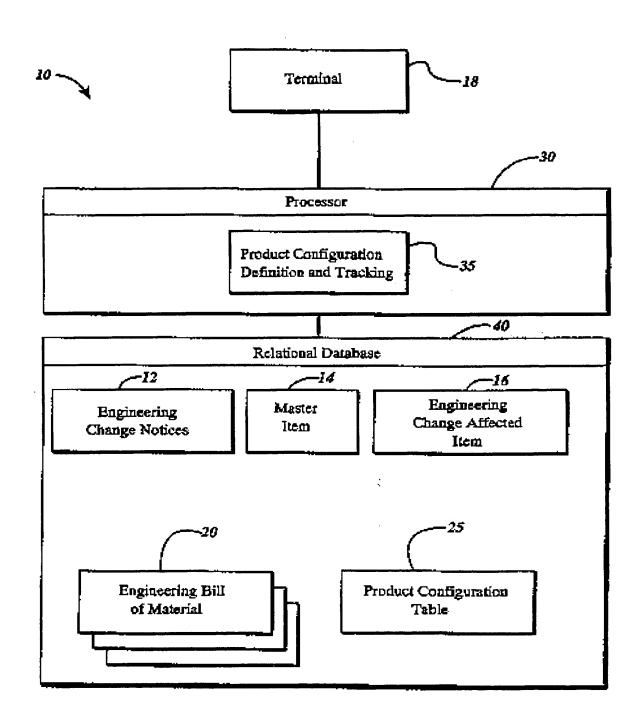


FIG 1

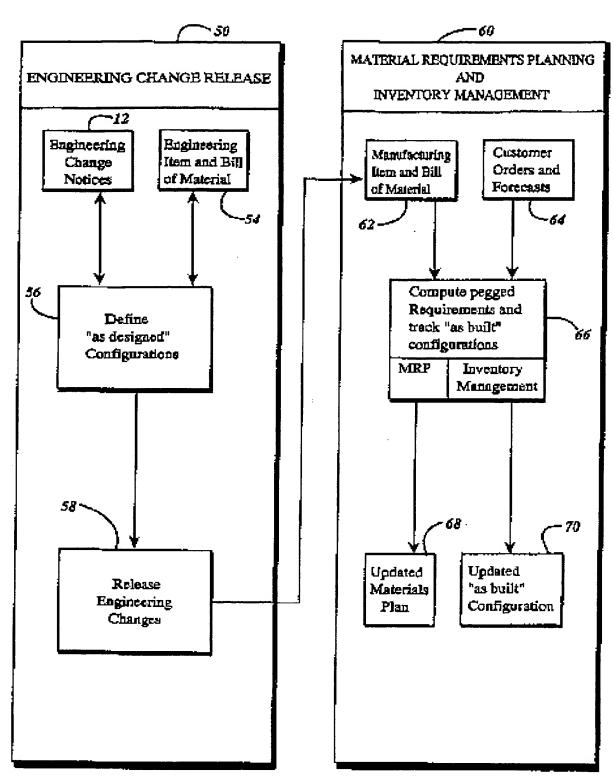


FIG 2

	SAMPLE EFFECTIVITY TYPE CODES (2 Characters)											
	First Character		Second Character									
Code	Meaning	Code	Meaning									
D	Date or other time oriented effectivity, including ltom serial/batch/lot	T	Date effectivity, Used with first character D only,									
s	Product serial/batch/lot	s	Serial number									
P	Customer Project	В	Batch number									
c	Customer Contract	L	Lot number									
	•	и	None of the above, Used with first character P or C only.									

Engineering Change Notice - ECA 12-

Product P1 is defined as a generic product consisting of a standard assembly A and optional assemblies B, C and D. A configuration identifier Basel is assigned to P1.

Initially define the bill of material for assembly A to be used in the base product P1 sectal numbers. 1 through 999. Assembly A has the following components:

> Components E - quantity 2 Components F - quantity 1

	Product Configuration Table													
Config- uration Entry Id.	Config- uration Id.	Product Id.	Start	Serial End Number	Id.	Contract Id.								
10	Basel	P1	001	999										

		EC Affected Item						
[₹] EC	Affected	Config-	Design	Based	on	Effec-	Product	Serial
Id.	Ite m Id.	ratio u Id.	Sequence Number	Config.	Seq.	tivity Type	Id_	Start Number
ECA	Ą	Basel	8001			SS	P1	001
4	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
406		410			408	وس	416 سر	

<u>''' </u>						-	<i>416</i>	
	4.	ld Proc	luct Bill o	f Materia	ſ	7	430	
Product	Component	Configuration	Insert	Extract	Quantity	Sales	Planning	Сопровен
Îtem	Item	Id	Sequence	Sequence	Per	Feature	Code	Position
Id.	Id.	422-		_	Assembly	Code		īd.
P1	A	Basel	8001		1	Standard		1
P1	В	Basel	8001		1	Optional		2
P1	С	Basel	8001		1 .	Optional		3
P1	D	Base1	8001		1	Optional		4
A	E.	Basel	8001~1	-418	2	_	Add	1
A	F	Basel	S001^	-420	1	426	Add 7	2
							428	

12-

Engineering Change Notice - ECB

Modify the bill of material for assembly A as per customer ABC contract ABC-1 specifications for product P1 serial numbers 121 through 125. Base component F is replaced by components Y and Z with quantity of 1 each.

-25

	Product Configuration Table								
Config- uration Entry Id.	Config- urstion Id.	Product ld.	Serial Start Number	Serial End Number	Customer Id.	Contract Id.			
10	Basel	P1	001	999					
20	Cust1	P1	121	125	ABC	ABC-1			

BC Affected Config- Design Based on H

Product | Serial Effec-Start fivity Ιđ Sequence ration Item Id. Config. Seq. Number Туре Number Id. Iđ. 001 SS P1 Basel 1008 ECA A 121 **P1** CS 8001 8001 Basel Cust1 **ECB** A

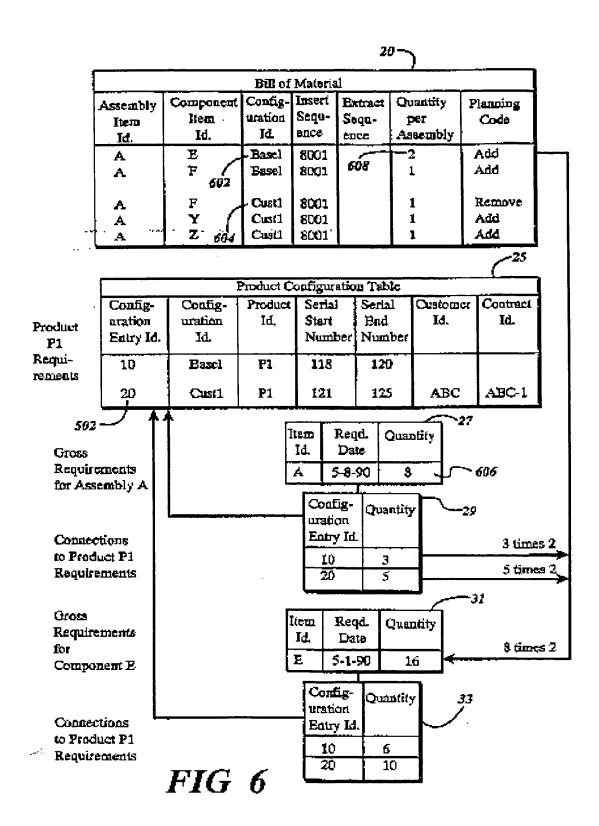
504 500 506 508 510-

20 v

16

•		P	roduct Bi	l of Mate			·
Product Item Id.	Component Item Id.	Configuration Id.		Extract Sequence	Quantity Per Assembly	Planning Code	Composent Position Id
A A	E F	Basel Basel	\$001 800 1		2	Add Add	2
A A A	F Y Z	Cust1 Cust1 Cust1	8001- 8001- 8001-	516	1 1 1	Remove Add Add	2 2 2 2

FIG 5



12 Engineering Change Notice - ECC

Modify the bill of material for assembly A for the BASE product P1 serial numbers 131 through 999.
Replace base component F by component G, quantity 1.

-25

Product Configuration Table Contract Product Serial Scrial Customer Config-Config-Id. uration prelion Id. Start End Id. Entry Id. Id. Number Number Basel **P1** 001 999 10 125 ABC AEC-1 20 CustI **P1** 121

	EC Affected Item]_;
	EC	Affected	_	Design	Basec	on	Effec-	Product	Serial	
702 	Id.	Item Id.	ration Id.	Sequence Number	Config.	Seq.	tivity Type	£g.	Start Number	
	ECC ECC	A A	Basel Basel	8001 8002	}		SS SS	P1 P1	001 131	
	ECE	A	Cust1	8001	Basel	8001	cs	۲1	121	ļ

20 v Product Bill of Material Configuration Insert Extract Quantity Component Product Component Planding Sequence Sequence Position Item Ĭtem Id. Per Code Id. Assembly Id. [d. B Basel 8001 1 A Add A F Basel 8001 8002 1 Add 2 8002 Œ Basel 1 Add 2 A 706 708 8001 \mathbf{F} Cust1 1 Remove 2 A 8001 Cust1 1 Add A Y 2 Z 8001 1 Cust1 Add 2 Å

2 -- Engineering Change Notice - ECD

Repeat order ABC-2 from customer ABC for the existing Cust1 configuration for product P1 serial numbers 145 through 146. By this time the base P1 has changed. So modify the bill of material for assembly A to remove base component G rather than base component F.

<u> </u>		Product C	onfiguratio	n Table		
Config- uration Entry Id.	Config- uration Id.	Product Id.	Serial Start Number	Serial End Number	Customer Id.	Contract Id.
10	Basel	P1	001	999		
20 30	Cust1 Cust1	P1 P1	121 145	125 146	ABC ABC	ABC-1 ABC-2~

25سر

	EC Affected Item							
EC	Affected		Design	Валес	on	Effec-	Product	Serial
Id.	Item Id.	ration Id.	Sequence Number	Config.	Seq.	tivity Type	Id.	Start Number
BCA ECC	A	Eæel Basel	8001 8002			SS SS	P1 P1	001 131
ECB ECD	A	Cust1 Cust1	8001 8002	Pasel Basel	S001 8002	පුපු	P1 P1	121 145 🗸
		ě	104			•		

		P	roduct Bi	II of Mate	rfal		
Product Item Id.	Component Item Id.	Configuration Id.		Extract Sequence	Quantity Per Assembly	Planding Code	Component Position Id.
A	Е	Basel	8001		2	Add	1
A	F	Basel	8001	8002	1	Add	2
A	G	Basel	8002	808	1	Add	2
A	F	Cust1	8001	8002	1	Remove	2
A	Y.	Cust1	8001		1	Add	2
A	Z	Cust1	8001		1	Add	2
Α	G	Cust1	B002~	820	1	Remove	2

FIG 8 812 S

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 92480077.4

(22) Date of filing: 03.06.92

(51) Int. CI.5: **G06F 15/24**, G06F 15/21,

G06F 15/46

(30) Priority: 28.06.91 US 723286

(43) Date of publication of application: 30.12.92 Bulletin 92/53

Designated Contracting States :
 DE FR GB

(88) Date of deferred publication of search report: 11.01.95 Bulletin 95/02

(1) Applicant: International Business Machines Corporation Old Orchard Road Armonk, N.Y. 10504 (US) 72 Inventor: Mukherjee, Sujan K. 1025 Laurel Mill Drive Roswell, GA 30076 (US) Inventor: Ryan, James L. 169 Rondack Circle Smyrna, GA 30080 (US) Inventor: Wason, James R. Rural Route 1, Box 155 Tuxedo, N.Y. 10987 (US)

(74) Representative : de Pena, Alain Compagnie IBM France Département de Propriété Intellectuelle F-06610 La Gaude (FR)

(54) Method and system for product configuration definition and tracking.

A method and system for the definition and tracking of multiple unique product configurations for configuration management in which customer contracted views of the product are defined by applying temporary changes to the base product configuration. A product serial number effectivity is assigned to each unique customer specified product configuration and to the base product configuration in order to maintain multiple time-oriented versions of the product, thus supporting simultaneously both customer-specified and design-specified engineering changes to the base product. A proidentifier duct configuration provides non-redundant data storage for each unique product configuration and can refer to noncontiquous ranges of product serial numbers. The configuration entry identifier in a product configuration table is used to peg detail component requirements to serially numbered products in order to correlate the product configurations as built with the product configuration as designed. A component position identifier provides traceability of temporary changes made to the base product that result from customer contract specifications.

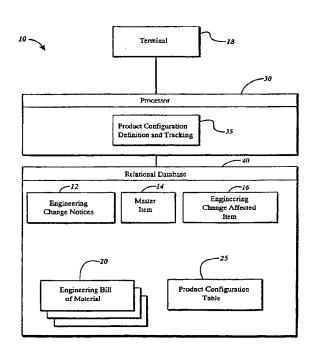


FIG 1

EP 0 520 923 A3



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 92 48 0077

		DERED TO BE RELEVA		
Category	Citation of document with in of relevant par	dication, where appropriate, ssages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.5)
D,P, X	EP-A-0 483 039 (IBM		1,8	G06F15/24 G06F15/21
	* abstract; figures	1,2,4 *		G06F15/46
A.	CONFERENCE ON INDUS	IFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (TULLAHOMA US support for	1,8	
١	EP-A-0 425 406 (IBM * abstract; figures		1,4,5,8,	
4			1.0	
EP-A-0 314 596 (IBM) * abstract; figure 1 *		1,8	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.5)	
				G06F
	The present search report has b			
	Place of search THE HAGUE	Date of completion of the search 17 October 199	1	esson, P.O.
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